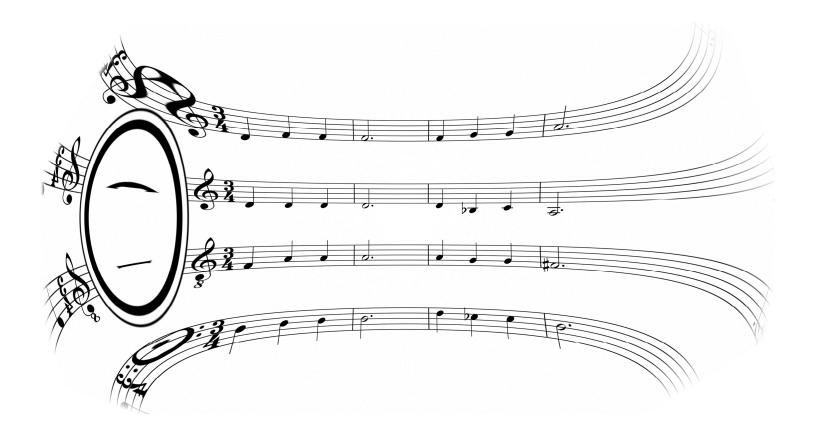
36 CHORALES FOR BAND

BY

AARON COLE



VERSION 1.0

DECOYGRAPE PRODUCTIONS

Table of Contents

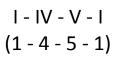
1.	I - IV - V - I	p. 1
2.	Canon in D by Johann Pachelbel	p. 1
3.	Circle of Fifths Chorale	p. 1
4.	Augmented 6 th Cadence	p. 2
5.	Tallis Canon by Thomas Tallis	p. 2
6.	Suspensions	р. З
7.	Old Hundredth by Loys Bourgeois	р. З
8.	Ode to Joy by Ludwig Van Beethoven	p. 4
9.	God Rest Ye Merry Gentlemen	p. 5
10.	Amazing Grace by John Newton	р. б
11.	Music for Queen Mary by Henry Purcell	р. 6
12.	Be Thou My Vision	p. 7
13.	In the Bleak Midwinter by Gustav Holst	p. 8
14.	Chester by William Billings	p. 9
15.	Ave Verum Corpus by Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart	p. 10
16.	Horkstow Grange in the style of Percy Grainger	p. 11
17.	Chaconne from the First Suite in Eb by Gustav Holst	p. 12
18.	Finlandia by Jean Sibelius	p. 12
19.	Prelude No. 20, Opus 28 by Frederic Chopin	p. 14
20.	To a Wild Rose by Edward McDowell	p. 15
21.	Nimrod from the Enigma Variations by Edward Elgar	p. 16
22.	Blessed are They That Mourn by Johannes Brahms	p. 16
23.	Chant Funaire by Gabriel Faure	p. 17
24.	Irish Tune from County Derry	p. 18
25.	Rhenish Symphony Mvmt. 4 Opening by Robert Schumann	p. 19
26.	Salvation is Created by Pavel Tchesnokov	p. 20
27.	Ave Maria by Sergei Rachmaninoff	p. 21
28.	3 rd Tune by Thomas Tallis	p. 22
29.	Largo from Symphony No. 9 by Antonin Dvorak	p. 23
30.	Come, Sweet Death by J. S. Bach	p. 24
31.	Chorale from Jupiter by Gustav Holst	p. 25
32.	In the Village by Modeste Mussorgsky	p. 26
33.	A Mighty Fortress is our God arr. J. S. Bach	p. 28
34.	Christ Lay in Death's Bonds by J. S. Bach	p. 29
35.	Symphony No. 2 Vocal Chorale by Gustav Mahler	p. 30
36.	Symphony No. 2 Brass Chorale by Gustav Mahler	p. 31

How to use this book

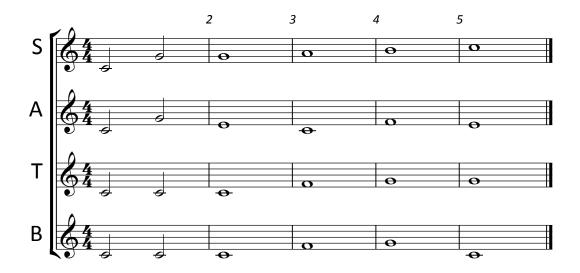
For trumpet players

- 1. The **SOPRANO** and **ALTO** parts are your main parts
 - a. Though, sometimes the ALTO part can get a bit low
 - b. Split the section up into two parts
- 2. The **TENOR** and **BASS** parts are just there so you can see what the others are doing
- 3. When a part gets too high or too low, little **CUE NOTES** are provided so you can always play with a **GOOD SOUND**
- 4. Sometimes, you'll see a note in parenthesis (). You generally cannot play these notes because they are too low. Usually, they are there just to show you where the actual part should go.





A simple chord progression







Written by Aaron Cole - Released for free through Decoygrape Productions under the Creative Commons License - CC BY-NC-ND (2011)



Augmented 6th Cadence

A special type of cadence







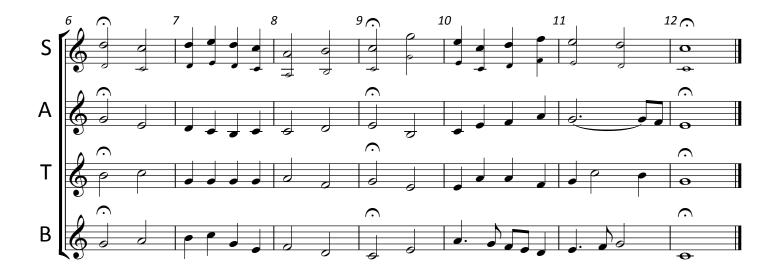


Suspensions

(Preparation Suspension Resolution)











Ode to Joy by Ludwig Van Beethoven

(1824)











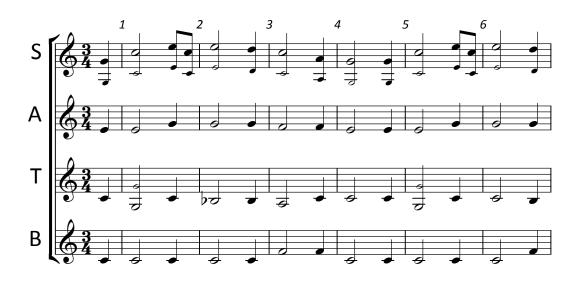






Amazing Grace by John Newton

(1779)





11

Music for Queen Mary by Henry Purcell (1694)











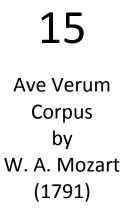


















Horkstow Grange collected by Percy Grainger (1906)





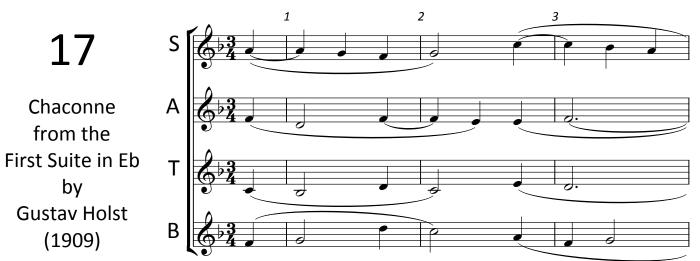
Horkstow Grange is a folk tune that Percy Grainger collected in 1906 by recording George Gouldthorpe. It is the tale of how a waggoner, John "Steeleye" Span, and his foreman, John Bowlin', fell out and came to blows.

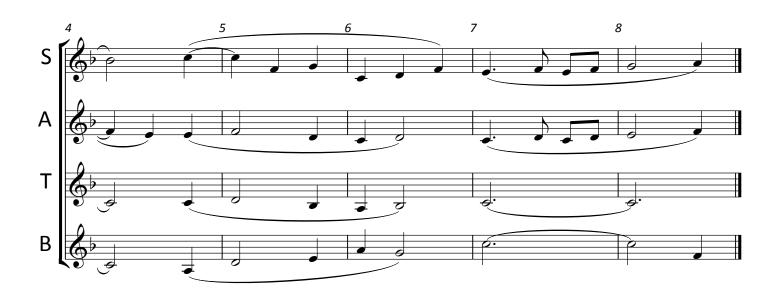
Gouldthorpe informed Grainger that Steeleye Span resented John Bowlin's harsh treatment and, burning with resentment, Span wrote this song. The words are set to the tune of a ballad about naval mistreatment "Andrew Rose, the British Sailor". No other variants of this song have been found.

Horkstow Grange is a house and range of farm buildings situated about half a mile north of Saxby All Saints. Those who have researched the songs have produced no written evidence of these men or indeed any local memory of them other than in this song.

Grainger recorded Gouldthorpe singing "Horkstow Grange". Gouldthorpe had a strong North Lincolnshire accent and takes the song at a brisk pace.

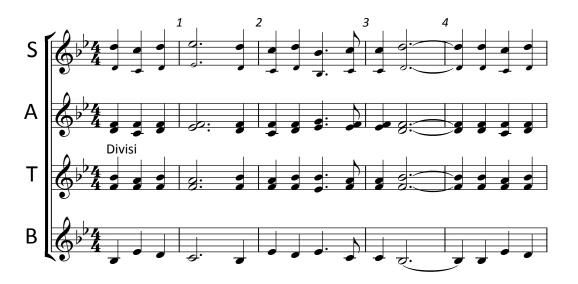
Grainger's arrangement of the song for his "Lincolnshire Posy Suite" (1937) is very different. Grainger slows the song down considerably giving it a stately feel. This is arguably the greatest transformation of any Grainger arrangement and he deserves credit for creating such a fine piece from such as a fragmentary song. (http://www.lincolnshireassembly.com/section.asp?docId=79588)

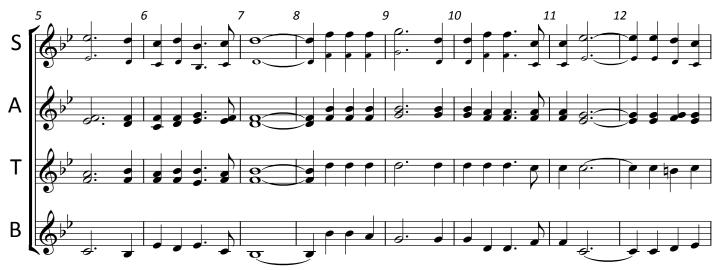




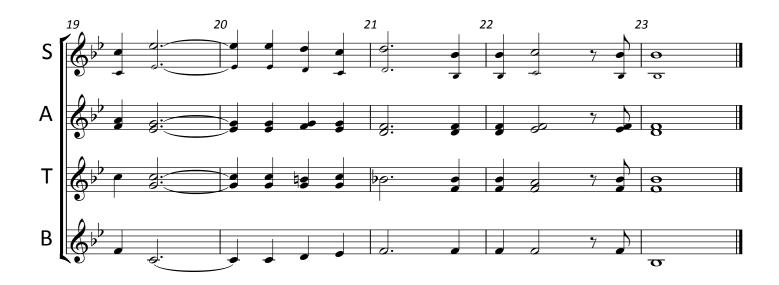
Finlandia by Jean Sibelius

(1900)









Prelude No. 20 Opus 28 by Frederic Chopin (1839)















Nimrod from the Enigma Variations by Edward Elgar (1899)

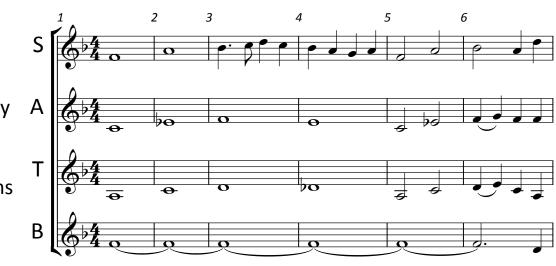


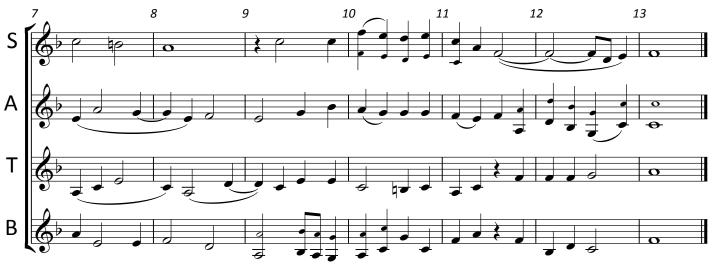




Blessed are They That Mourn by Johannes Brahms

(1868)







Chant Funeraire from the Op. 117 Cello Sonata by Gabriel Faure (1921)





24 Irish Tune from County Derry (Grainger's Setting 1911)









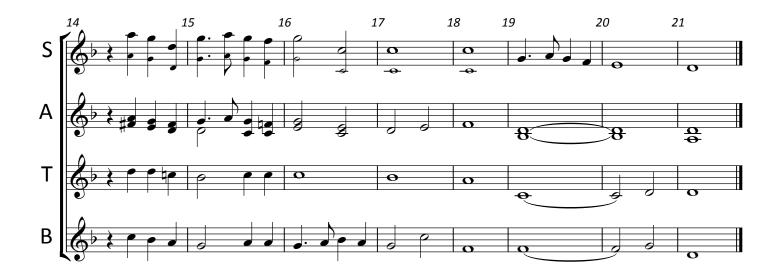




26 Salvation is Created by Pavel Tchesnokov (1912)









(1915)







3rd Tune from the 9 Psalm Tunes for Archbishop Parker's Psalter by Thomas Tallis (1567)

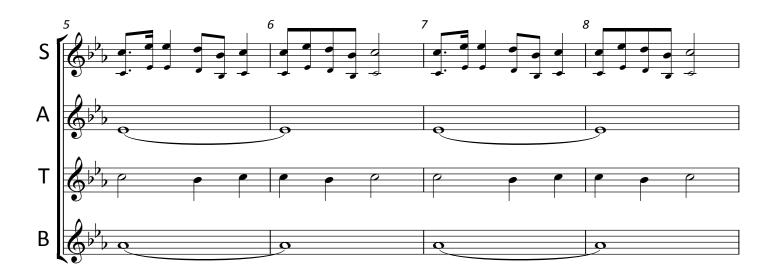






Largo from Symphony No. 9 by Antonin Dvorak (1893)







Come, Sweet Death Come Blessed Rest by J. S. Bach (1736)









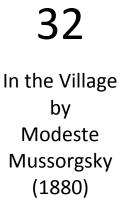
Chorale from Jupiter by Gustav Holst

(1916)



















BWV 80.8 Ein Feste Burg ist unser Gott (A Mighty Fortress is our God) J.S. Bach (1731)







BWV 4.8 Christ lag in Todesbanden (Christ lay in Death's Bonds) J.S. Bach (1707)







Symphony No. 2 Vocal Chorale from the Finale by Gustav Mahler (1894)







Symphony No. 2 Brass Chorale from the Finale by Gustav Mahler (1894)





